CHAPTER 11

COMMERCE

Doctoral Theses

BHATNAGAR (Mandakini)
 Relationship Between Investors and Fund Managers - Implications
 For Mutual Fund Industry in India.
 Supervisor : Prof. K V Bhanu Murthy
 Th 18159

Abstract

This research studied the mutual fund industry from the perspective of behavioural finance to investigate the relationship between the mutual fund investors (MFI) and the fund managers (FMs). The primary objectives is to analyse the objective function of the MFIs and the FMs based on the fundamental theory of the growth of the firm. The implications of the convergence/ divergence between the two sets of objective function on the growth and development of the industry in India is sought to be established.

Contents

 Introduction. 2. An overview of the mutual fund industry. 3. Theoretical framework. 4. Dimensions of the relationship of mututal fund investor and fund manager. 5. Literature review.
 Research methodology. 7. Analysis of behaviour of mutual fund investor. 8. Analysis of behaviour of fund manager. 9. Measurement and analysis of the conflict between MFI and FM.
 Conclusion. Bibliography and Appendices.

137. KANOJIA (Sunaina)

Corporate Governance in Banking Sector. Supervisor : Prof. J. P. Sharma Th 18164

Abstract

In nutshell there is a word that defines the true sprit of governance today, it is trust. Public trust depends upon transparent governance structures and processes, accountability to stakeholeders for the way in which business is conducted, how resources are used, and the results that are acheived. This is why conducting a performance assessment of the boars is increasingly being viewed as a best practice in the governance of public and private sector organisation. It has been observed that regular assessment of board performance, active angagement of board in planning and monitoring seems to be associated with high performing organisation and similar is the story of banks. Board functioning is assessed with regard to independance and fulfillment fisuciary duties duties, quality of discussions, involvement and relationship of board with management. The study has enlightened some of the aspects of corporate governance and its relationahip with financial variables indicating performance and growth.

Contents

1. Introduction. 2. Review of literature. 3. Indian model of corporate governance. 4. Corporate governance in banking industry. 5. Effectiveness of corporate governance in banks : An empirical investigation. 6. Summary and Conclusions. Bibliography and Annexures.

138. PRAGATI Impact of Value Added Tax on Business Enterprise. Supervisor : Prof. K V Bhanu Murthy Th 18160

Abstract

The study on the impact of value added tax on the business enterprise has shown that VAT has made its significant impact on the business enterprises by affecting some of its processes and also performance of these tax paying units such that they have moved towards the effeciency in the allocation of resources. The introduction of VAT has brought the efficiency for both the government on account of revenue growth and for the business enterprises in their performance parameters. However there are certain issues which are needed to be worked upon and resolved as they are the source of discontentment among the business community and also bring distortions in the system. They are perceived as the areas of difficulty and harassment to the tax payer. These issues need to be taken care of while designing the proposed system of Goods and Services Tax so that the harassment to the tax payer is minimized and thus make payment of tax and its commpliance a pleasurable experience for the tax payer and also ensure more transparency in the system.

Contents

1. Introduction. 2. Review of literature. 3. Conceptual framework of value added tax. 4. Indian states' sales tax and path towards VAT. 5. Framework of value added tax in India. 6. Research methodology. 7. Profile of the respondents. 8. impact of VAT on the processes of business enterprises. 9. Performance of business enterprises. 10. Attitude of business enterprises towards VAT. 11. Conclusion. Bibliography and Appendix.

139. TALWAR (Poornima S.)

Top Management Perspective of Human Resource Development. Supervisors : Prof. Y P Singh and Dr. Gopal Ji Th 18161

Abstract

The study of top management's perspective of human resource development function in India during the period starting from the year 2002 onwards till date has been attempted. It is based on literature, research findings, survey results and analyasis of historical records and documents such as Annual Reports, organisational manuals and the like. The study is undertaken with a view to investigate the place of human resource development function in the organisational hierachy in Indian enterprises, analysing the role of it in corporate enterprises in India, and ascertaining the significance attached to the function in terms of allocation of resources, time devoted for it, and the level & location of it in the corporate hierarchy. Apart from analysing the human resource activities in the enterprises studied, the study mainly analysed the top management's perspective of human resource function vis-a-vis other corporate functions.

Contents

1. Introduction. 2. HR from welfare to development. 3. Training and development. 4. Performance appraisal. 5. Human resource information system. 6.Top management perspective. 7. Summary and concluding observations. Bibliography.

140. THAKKAR (Sonia) Emerging Role of Company Secretaries : A Study of Select Industries. Supervisor : Prof. J P Sharma Th 18162

Abstract

The scope of the company secretaries' work is very wide and has expanded with changing times. On the legal side, apart from the company law, he should be familiar with the various general laws and procedures, direct tax laws and tax planning, indirect tax laws and various economic legislations. He should also have sound knowledge of finance, accounts, management accounting, and management information system and contribute in these kay areas. Therefore, they should develop their skills and abilities not only with respect to every facet of legal functions but also administrative and management functions.

Contents

1. Introduction. 2. Historical background. 3. Review of literature. 4. Role of company secretaries in different countries. 5. Role of company secretaries in practice : an analysis. 6. Role of company secretaries in employment : an analysis. 7. Summary, conclusions and recommendations. Bibliography and Annexures.

141. VERMA Nee MALHOTRA (Manisha) Corporate Governance Rating as an Efficient Approach to Corporate Monitoring : With Reference to Selected Listed Companies in India.

Supervisor : Prof. J P Sharma Th 18163

Abstract

The current focus on corporate governance has led many to seek more information on the quality of governance practices at specific companies. It is becoming more common for investors to consider governance issues when making investment decisions. In response to this interest, several organisations now rate the corporate governance practices of public companies, either as a stand-alone offering or as part of a credit rating. The purpose of corporate governance is to achieve a responsible, value-oriented management and control of companies.

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Contents

1. Introduction. 2. Review of existing literature. 3. Credit rating agencies in corporate governance system. 4. Methodology and design. 5. Results, interpretation and discussion. 6. Summary, conclusions and suggestions. Bibliography and Appendixes.

M.Phil Dissertations

- BHITIA (Gyanzian Thendup)
 Relationship Between Oil Prince Changes, Stock Returns and Exchange Rate in India : An Empirical Study.
 Supervisor : Dr. Vanita Tripathi
- 143. DANI (Richa)
 Export Performance : A Comparative Study of BRIC Countries. Supervisor : Prof. Sanjay K Jain
- 144. GUPTA (Swati)
 Empirical Study of the Performance and Trading Characteristics of Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) in India.
 Supervisor : Dr. Vanita Tripathi
- MAURYA (Sushma)
 Effectiveness of Financial Inclusion Drive in Moradabad
 District : An Analysis With Special Reference to Mnrega
 beneficiaries.
 Supervisor : Ms. Abha Shukla
- 146. NITIN NAVEEN
 Growth Decomposition of BRIC Economics. Supervisor : Ms. Abha Shukla
- PHOOL CHAND
 Growth and Instability in India's Current Account Balance.
 Supervisor : Prof. K V Bhanu Murthy
- 148. RENU
 Relationship Between Interest Rate Change and Stock
 Returns Sector I India.
 Supervisor : Dr. Vanita Tripathi