

CHAPTER 55

SOCIOLOGY

Doctoral Theses

449. KHATRI (Shilpa)
**Social Perception and Management of Tuberculosis in Delhi:
A Sociological Study.**
Supervisor : Prof. Tulsi Patel
Th 16372

Abstract

Highlights the alarmingly high TB incidence rates across the world, with India as the highest TB burden country globally. Emphasis on examining the differential gender impact of both the disease as well as the treatment. The association between poverty and under-privilege with respect to tuberculosis has also been established. The relevance of the concept of 'medical complex', as suggested by Foster and Anderson has been constantly emphasized upon throughout the study. The objectives of the study have been so outlined that the focus has been to realize the significance of viewing the patients not as 'passive receivers' but rather as active members of the entire treatment strategy. Significance of the macro-structure in influencing the patients behaviour has been highlighted.

Contents

1. Introduction. 2. Diagnosis and management of tuberculosis: A historical account. 3. Social perceptions and experiences at the MCD chest clinic. 4. Significance of perceptions and management in TB and non-compliance. 5. Conclusion. Bibliography and annexures.

450. SATENDRA KUMAR
**Other Backward Classes in Uttar Pradesh : A Sociological
Study.**
Supervisor : Prof. Virginius Xaxa
Th 16373

Concludes that there is a deep interlocking interrelationship between caste, class and numerical strength in the workings of electoral democracy in Khanpur. These three factors are reshaping each other through various levels of interaction. Political equality may be enshrined in liberal democracy in India, by economic marginalisation and numerical weakness. Lower OBCs such as the Sainis, Dhimvars and Gaderiyas are located at the lower end of the ladder of traditional caste hierarchy occupationally and socio-culturally speaking. The mobilisation of lower OBCs to construct new identities and their demands for reclassification are likely to further strengthen democracy as an institution, as new democratic political practices will evolve in the local arena.

Contents

1. Introduction. 2. Mapping the OBCs socio-economic and political space in Uttar Pradesh. 3. Everyday caste-based practices and identity re-formulation. 4. Morphing caste inequalities: Land, employment and the market. 5. Caste and the micro politics of electoral democracy. 6. Conclusion: Shifting patterns of caste, class and democracy. Bibliography.

M.Phil Dissertations

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Discourses on Tribes and Conversion.
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452. DAS SUCHISMITA
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 Supervisor : Prof. Rajni Palriwala

455. MALI (Ajay N)
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Supervisor : Prof. Satish Deshpande
456. MHD. AMIN ANSARI
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457. PAL (Chayanika)
Christian Missionary Schools in Bengal (1793-1854) : A Sociological Perspective.
Supervisor : Dr. Rabindra Ray
458. SOIBAM HARIPRIYA
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Supervisor : Dr. Radhika Chopra
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Armed Conflict : A Comparative Study Between Manipur and Kashmir.
Supervisor : Prof. Nandini Sundar
460. YADAVENDU (Mritunjay Kumar)
Sociological Analysis on the Debate on Capital Punishment.
Supervisor : Prof. Nandini Sundar